bologna process

BFUG B3 6 Template 6 July 2004

TEMPLATE FOR NATIONAL REPORTS 2004 – 2005

Country:		
Date:		
Responsible member of the BFUG (one name only):		
Official position:		
	Email address:	
Contributors to the report:		

1. Main achievements since Berlin

1.1. Give a brief description of important developments, including legislative reforms

2. National organisation

2.1. Give a short description of the structure of public authorities responsible for higher education, the main agencies/bodies in higher education and their competencies (For example, do higher education institutions report to different ministries?)

2.2. Give a short description of the institutional structure

(For example, number of public/private universities/other HE institutions or numbers/percentage of students in public/private sector. To what extent are private and State higher education institutions covered by the same regulations?)

2.3. Give a brief description of the structure which oversees the implementation of the Bologna Process in your country

(National Bologna group, thematic working groups, composition and activities, stakeholder involvement)

3. Quality assurance

The following questions have been included in the template at the request of the Working Group on Stocktaking.

3.1. National quality assurance systems should include a definition of the responsibilities of the bodies and institutions involved.

Please specify the responsibilities of the bodies and institutions involved.

3.2. National quality assurance systems should include a system of accreditation, certification or comparable procedures.

Describe the system of accreditation, certification or comparable procedures, if any.

3.3. National quality assurance systems should include international participation, cooperation and networking.

Are international peers included in the governing board(s) of the quality assurance agency(ies)?

Please add any general comments, reflections and/or explanations to the material on quality assurance in the stocktaking report.

4. The two-cycle degree system

The two-cycle degree system is covered by the stocktaking exercise. Please add any comments, reflections and/or explanations to the stocktaking report.

5. Recognition of degrees and periods of study

Recognition of degrees and periods of study is covered by the stocktaking exercise. Please add any comments, reflections and/or explanations to the stocktaking report.

6. Doctoral studies and research

6.1. Give a short description of the organisation of third cycle studies

(For example, direct access from the bachelor level, balance between organised courses, independent study and thesis)

6.2. What are the links between HE and research in your country?

(For example, what percentage of publicly-funded research is conducted within HE institutions?)

7. Mobility of students and staff

7.1. Describe the main factors influencing mobility of students from as well as to your country (For instance funds devoted to mobility schemes, portability of student loans and grants, visa problems)

- 7.2. Describe any special measures taken in your country to improve mobility of students from as well as to your country
- 7.3. Describe the main factors influencing mobility of teachers and staff from as well as to your country (For instance tenure of appointment, grant schemes, social security, visa problems)
- 7.4. Describe any special measures taken in your country to improve mobility of academic teachers and staff from as well as to your country
- 8. Higher education institutions and students
- 8.1. Describe aspects of autonomy of higher education institutions
 Is autonomy determined/defined by law? To what extent can higher education institutions decide on internal organisation, staffing, new study programmes and financing?
- 8.2. Describe actions taken to ensure active participation from all partners in the process
- 8.3. How do students participate in and influence the organisation and content of education at universities and other higher education institutions and at the national level? (For example, participation in University Governing Bodies, Academic Councils etc)
- 9. The social dimension of the Bologna Process
- 9.1. Describe measures which promote equality of access to higher education
- 10. Developments in lifelong learning
- 10.1. What measures have been taken by your country to encourage higher education institutions in developing lifelong learning paths?
- 10.2. Describe any procedures at the national level for recognition of prior learning/flexible learning paths

11. Contribution to the European dimension in higher education

- 11.1 Describe any legal obstacles identified by your country and any progress made in removing legal obstacles to the establishment and recognition of joint degrees and/or joint study programmes
 - 11.1.1. Describe the extent of integrated study programmes leading to joint degrees or double degrees
 - 11.1.2. How have these programmes been organised? (joint admissions, mobility of students, joint exams, etc.)
- 11.2. Describe any transnational co-operation that contributes to the European dimension in higher education
- 11.3. Describe how curriculum development reflects the European dimension (For instance foreign language courses, European themes, orientation towards the European labour market)
- 12. Promoting the attractiveness of the European Higher Education Area
- 12.1. Describe actions taken by your country to promote the attractiveness of the EHEA
- 13. Concluding comments
- 13.1. Give a description of your national Bologna strategies
- 13.2. Give an indication of the main challenges ahead for your country

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